Docs - LATEX helpers

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1 Introduction

This set of LATEX files is designed to give you a good looking, pre-configured LATEX setup, which helps you get started much more quickly.

It has some configuration options already, but more are to come soon. If you have any suggestions as to what should be added, don't hesitate to open a support ticket at https://support.janishutz.com?a=add or contacting me via email to development@janishutz.com.

2 Breaking Changes

Please note that the regex provided below are for NeoVim and you may need to replace \(\) with ()

2.1 Time complexity

The timecomplexity commands have been updated to require math environment. You can use the following regex to fix them

```
/ \\tc\([olt]\){\(.*)}\([, .\n]\)/ \$\\tc\1{\2}\$\3/g (execute first) and /\\text{\\tc\([olt]\){\(.*\)}}/\\tc\1{\2}/g
```

2.2 Labels & Environments

The counter environments can now be referenced (see 6.6.3). Due to the new requirements set out by that addition, it is now no longer possible to manually update the counters using \setcounter. Use the below regex to replace all occurrences of \setcounter with the new format. Please note that this will overwrite all occurrences of \setcounter with the specific old format with \setLabelNumber:

/\stepcounter{\(.*\)s}/\stepLabelNumber{\1} and /\stepcounter{all}/\stepLabelNumber{all}/g.

3 Installation

You can install these helper files by downloading this repo and storing it to any location on your PC, remembering where that location is.

You may also install the VSCode snippets found in the vscode-snippets folder. These snippets provide autocompletion for many of the commands that this helper file provides.

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4 Usage

You can type latex-prepare and press tab, if you have installed the VSCode snippets, or copy over this code snippet:

```
\documentclass{article}
```

```
\input{~/projects/latex/dist/recommended.tex} % TODO: Change here your inclusion level and path
\setup{Type your title here}
\begin{document}
\startDocument
```

```
\end{document}
```

Type your \LaTeX here

On the line with the TODO, you can change the import path, as well as scope. Simply replace the "recommended" with any of the below.

- minimal Just the core styling and core functionality.
- most Includes Math, CS, Language and all styling.
- recommended The recommended setup. Includes BibTeX in addition to what is in most
- full If you want to also include glossaries or code with highlighting
- letter If you want to typeset a letter (see 4.2)

If you are using the old import style, you can use the \load command with these options

4.1 Configuration

You can set a global config in config file in helper files directory. The file is located at

/<path to helpers>/config/config.tex. All configs are documented there. Simply open that file using any text editor and edit your config.

4.2 Letters

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Letters require a different setup compared to a normal LATEX document:

```
\documentclass[12pt,a4paper]{scrlttr2}
\newcommand{\dir}{^*/path/to/helper} % TODO: Change your path here! No trailing slashes!
\input{\dir/include.tex}
\load{letter}
\setkomavar{subject}{} % type your subject here
\begin{document}\raggedright
    % below, type the address, being careful not to remove the backslashes
\begin{letter}{Company \\ Name \\ Address \\ CH-Place}
    \opening{Intro}

    Your text
    \closing{Kind regards} % Your closing sentence
\end{letter}
\end{document}
\end{document}
```

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If you are using the snippets, you can type latex-letter and press tab.

5 Custom Loader

You can create a custom loader by defining a load{string} macro (or any other, if you are aware you need to change that in your main file for it to work) that uses the \dir command to resolve the custom parts. Take a look at the /include.tex file for inspiration on how to do it, if you also want it to do case distinction.

You can also include some the pre-built configs from the dist/ folder.

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6 Full Command Reference

6.1 Variables

• scope: minimal, most, recommended, all or letter

• string: Any normal text

• math: Any math input

• number: Any non-negative integer, i.e. no commas

• color: Any of the dvipsnames colours of xcolor

• langauge: 2-character country code (currently only de and en supported)

6.2 Per-File config

- \renewcommand{\authorTitle}{string} Change the author (in the title) for this document only
- \bullet \renewcommand{\authorHeaders}{string} Change the author (in the header) for this document only
- \bullet \renewcommand{\name}{string} Change the name (for letters) for this document only
- \renewcommand{\street}{string} Change the street (for letters) for this document only
- \renewcommand{\city}{string} Change the city (for letters) for this document only
- \renewcommand{\countrycode}{string} Change the country-code (for letters) for this document only
- \renewcommand{\theoremde}{string} Change the translation for theorem in German (usually either "Satz" or "Theorem")
- \setNumberingStyle{number} Change the numbering of definitions, lemmas, etc for this document. 0 = off, 1 = Separately, 2 = Combined (except for definition), 3 = Combined
- \setcounter{numberSubsections} $\{number\}$ Change the format of the numbering of definition, lemma, etc. 0 = <section>.<number>,
 - $1 = \langle \text{section} \rangle \cdot \langle \text{number} \rangle$
 - $2 = \langle section \rangle. \langle subsection \rangle. \langle subsubsection \rangle. \langle number \rangle$

Changing this won't affect all of numbering prior to the command, only after. You can change this setting (and the one above) at any point in the document

- \bullet \setcounter{descriptorShadeStrength}{number} Change the colour saturation of the inline descriptors
- \setcounter{shadeStrength}{number} Change the colour saturation of the \shade command
- \setLang{language} Change the language. Will automatically load babel in German. Can only be used once and only at the start of the document or in the preamble, as repeated usage leads to undefined behaviour
- To change the font for the entire document, load the font package using \usepackage, with the last occurrence of a font package determining the active one. Then select the type by using \setFontType{mono | serif | sans}. A list of fonts is available here. You may change the font only for a specific section, by enclosing \setFont and the text that should be written in said typeface in curly braces.

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6.3 Setup, Loading & Translation

- \load{scope} Load the selected scope
- \bullet \setup{string} Prepare the document with the string being the title
- \setupCheatSheet{string} Prepare the document with smaller borders and no headers / footers. string is the title
- \setupBarebones{string} Minimal setup, only borders and title set
- \startDocument Initialize the document. Has to be called after \begin{document}
- \startDocumentNoTile Initialize the document without printing the title. Has to be called after \begin{document}
- \usetcolorboxes Initialize tcolorboxes. In main body, if you want to use fancy boxes. (requires most or up)
- $\translate\{string\}\{string\}\$ First string is English, second string is German. Switches automatically based on language selected
- $\tr{string}{string}$ Shorthand for \translate
- \numberingOn Turn on the numbering (will set back to config previously set by \setNumberingStyle)
- \numberingOff Turn off the numbering (if you want to temporarily not use it. Do not use \setNumberingStyle for that)

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6.4 Math-Commands

All these have to be executed in the math environment.

- \R Prints \mathbb{R} . Same goes for \C printing \mathbb{C} , etc.
- \floor{math} Round down symbol, e.g. [n]
- \ceil{math} Round up symbol, e.g. [n]
- \hastoeq or \mbeq Has to equal symbol (non-standard), \(\frac{!}{=}\)
- \Leftrightarrowequiv Equivalence transformation symbol, \Leftrightarrow .
- \Rightarrowequiv Equivalence transformation symbol, \Rightarrow .
- \Leftarrowequiv Equivalence transformation symbol, \Leftarrow .
- \defAs Define as, i.e. $\stackrel{\text{def}}{=}$
- \defEquiv Define as, but with a two-sided implication instead of equality, i.e. $\stackrel{\text{def}}{\Leftrightarrow}$
- \bullet \defimplies Define as, but with one-sided implication, i.e. $\stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{\Rightarrow}$
- \divides Divider or divides symbol, e.g. $a \mid b$
- \lcm Least common multiple, lcm
- \arcsinh Inverse of hyperbolic sine, arcsinh
- \arccosh Inverse of hyperbolic cosine, arccosh
- \arctanh Inverse of hyperbolic tangent, arctanh
- \limin Shortened limit notation for $n \to \infty$, $\lim_{n \to \infty}$
- \liminfni Shortened limit inferior notation for $n \to \infty$, $\liminf_{n \to \infty}$
- \limsupni Shortened limit superior notation for $n \to \infty$, $\limsup_{n \to \infty}$
- $\operatorname{der}\{math\}$ Derivative, $\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x}$
- $\operatorname{dern}{math}{math}$ Higher derivative, $\frac{d^2}{d^2x}$
- $\left\{ \operatorname{math} \right\} \left\{ \operatorname{math} \right\}$ Stack two elements on top of each other. Uses $\left\{ \operatorname{math} \right\} \left\{ \operatorname{math} \right\}$ be used for example in limits as an alternative to $\left\{ \operatorname{atop} \right\}$ or $\left\{ \operatorname{substack} \right\}$.

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6.5 CS-Commands

These commands have to be executed inside math environment, except \timecomplexity and \tc.

- \timecomplexity Prints the word time complexity with a coloured box.
- \tc Shorthand for \tct. Deprecated
- \tct Time complexity in Θ ()-notation (average case)
- \tco Time complexity in \mathcal{O} ()-notation (worst case / upper bound)
- \tcl Time complexity in Ω ()-notation (best case / lower bound)
- \t[R, C, N] Simply prints a capital R, C or N in math mode as normal text. So e.g. use R to print an R
- \wordbool Prints $(\Sigma_{bool})^*$
- \words{string} Prints $(\Sigma_{test})^*$
- \wordm $\{math\}$ Prints Σ_1^*
- \word Prints Σ^*
- \alphabets $\{string\}$ Prints Σ_{test}
- ullet \alphabetbool Prints Σ_{bool}

Algorithms

```
\begin{algo}{functionName(A)}
  \Procedure{functionName}{$(A)$}
  \State\Return "Hello World"
  \EndProcedure
\end{algo}
```

Algorithm 1 FUNCTIONNAME(A)

```
1 procedure FUNCTIONNAME((A))
```

2 L return "Hello World"

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6.6 Style

General styling commands. All other commands, except these ones require at least most to be the selected scope

- \TODO Print a highlighted TODO:
- \background{color}{number}{string} Print shaded text, with colour saturation
- \shade{color}{string} Print shaded text
- \backdrop{string} Print text with gray backdrop
- \fhlc{color}{string} Print bold, underlined text in a coloured box
- \fhl{string} Print bold, underlined text in a white box
- \printtoc{color} Print the table of contents (as seen on the first page). The normal \tableofcontents still works as expected
- \smallhspace Prints a 2mm hspace
- \mediumhspace Prints a 5mm hspace
- \largehspace Prints a 10mm = 1cm hspace
- \rmvspace Removes some of the vertical whitespace printed by environments like align
- \drmvspace Removes some of the vertical whitespace printed by environments like align (double the amount)

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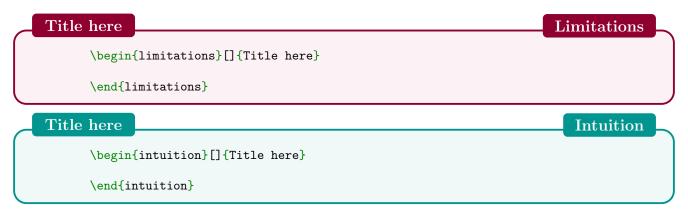
6.6.1 Toolorboxes

Included in most and up

Put \usetcolorboxes right after \startDocument (right after \begin{document}) if you plan to use them.

General Title here Terms \begin{terms}[]{Title here} \end{terms} Title here Notation \begin{notation}[]{Title here} \end{notation} Title here \begin{recall}[]{Title here} $\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath}\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath}\ensuremat$ Title here Remarks \begin{remarks}[]{Title here} \end{remarks} Title here Usage \begin{usage}[]{Title here} \end{usage} Title here **Tutorial** \begin{guides}[]{Title here}{Tutorial} % You can also change the right title on this one \end{guides} Properties Title here \begin{properties}[]{Title here} \end{properties} Title here Restrictions \begin{restrictions}[]{Title here} \end{restrictions}

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Can also be used inline using \inlineintuition, which renders Intuition:

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Counter-enabled

These ones also have two settings, namely, you can change the counter behaviour and the inclusion of subsections in the numbering. See 6.2.

See 6.6.3 for a guide on how to change the current number and how to reference them.

```
Title here
                                                                     Definition 6.1
      \begin{definition}[]{Title here}
      \end{definition}
Title here
                                                                      Theorem 6.1
      \begin{theorem}[]{Title here}
      \end{theorem}
Title here
                                                                        Lemma 6.1
      \begin{lemma}[]{Title here}
      \end{lemma}
                                                                     Corollary 6.1
Title here
      \begin{corollary}[]{Title here}
      \end{corollary}
Title here
                                                                   Proposition 6.1
      \begin{proposition}[]{Title here}
      \end{proposition}
Title here
                                                                           Fact 6.1
      \begin{fact}[]{Title here}
      \end{fact}
                                                                         Axiom 6.1
Title here
      \begin{axiom}[]{Title here}
      \end{axiom}
Title here
                                                                      Example 6.1
      \begin{example}[]{Title here}
      \end{example}
```

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Title here | begin{remark}[]{Title here} | | chal{remark} | | Title here | | begin{formula}[]{Title here} | | chal{formula} | | Language-Specific | Title here | | begin{conjugation}[]{Title here} | | chal{conjugation} | | conjugation | | chal{conjugation} | | cha

Flexible

title

Title here

second title

Forms

This Tcolorbox is flexible and can take any main and secondary title, as well as any colour.

\begin{general}[]{title}{second title}{red}

\begin{forms}[]{Title here}

 $\verb|\end{general}|$

\end{forms}

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6.6.2 Inline & Shortened descriptors

Included in most and up

See 6.6.3 for a guide on how to change the current number.

Inline

Command	Output
\inlineex	Example 6.2:
\inlinedef	Definition 6.2:
\inlinetheorem	Theorem 6.2:
\inlinelemma	Lemma 6.2:
$\$ inline corollary	Corollary 6.2:
\inlineproposition	Proposition 6.2:
\inlinefact	Fact 6.2:
\inlineaxiom	Axiom 6.2:
\inlineremark	Remark 6.2:
\inlineproof	Proof:

Shortened

Command	Output
Command	Output
\shortex	Ex 6.3:
\shortdef	D 6.3:
\shorttheorem	T 6.3:
\shortlemma	L 6.3:
\shortcorollary	C 6.3:
\shortproposition	P 6.3:
\shortfact	F 6.3:
\shortaxiom	A 6.3:
\shortremark	R 6.3:
\shortproof	Proof:

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Inline (Named)

Command	Output
$\verb \fancyex \{string\}$	Example 6.4: (Exercise)
$\verb fancydef \{string\}$	Definition 6.4: (Definition)
$\verb fancytheorem \{string\}$	Theorem 6.4: (Theorem)
$\verb fancylemma \{string\} $	Lemma 6.4: (Lemma)
$\verb \fancycorollary \{string\}$	Corollary 6.4: (Corollary)
$\verb \fancyproposition \{string\}$	Proposition 6.4: (Proposition)
$\verb fancyfact \{string\}$	Fact 6.4: (<i>Fact</i>)
$\verb fancyaxiom \{string\} $	Axiom 6.4: (Axiom)
$\verb fancyremark \{string\}$	Remark 6.4: (Remark)
$\verb fancyproof \{string\}$	Proof: (Proof)

Shortened (Named)

Command	Output
$\texttt{\compactex}\{string\}$	Ex 6.5: (Exercise)
$\verb \compactdef \{string\}$	D 6.5: (Definition)
$\verb \compact theorem \{string\}$	T 6.5: (Theorem)
$\verb \compactlemma \{string\} $	L 6.5 : (Lemma)
$\verb \compactcorollary \{string\}$	C 6.5: (Corollary)
$\verb \compactproposition \{string\}$	P 6.5: (Proposition)
$\verb \compactfact \{string\}$	F 6.5 : (Fact)
$\verb \compactaxiom \{string\} $	A 6.5: (Axiom)
$\verb \compactremark \{string\}$	R 6.5 : (Remark)
$\verb \compactproof \{string\}$	Proof: (Proof)

6.6.3 Changing the counters

Included in most and up

Starting from the version of October 18, 2025, you may no longer use \setcounter directly

You may set the current number for the elements by setting their corresponding counter to the selected number. You can do this using \setLabelNumber{name of the environment}{number}, where you replace name of the environment with one of the following: definition, lemma, theorem, corollary, proposition, fact, formula, axiom, example, remark

This only applies if you have set numberingConfig to 1 (for all of them) and 2 (only for definitions). To change the combined numbering, use \setLabelNumber{all} to your desired number.

You may also use \stepLabelNumber{name of the environment} to step the counter by one.

6.6.4 Referencing counters

Included in most and up, introduced on October 18, 2025

If you wish to reference a counter, you can do so by writing

\ref{<counter name>:<section>-<subsection>-<subsection>-<counter value>},

or of course, if you do not label subsections and / or subsubsection, dropping them.

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6.7 Tables

Included in most and up

You can set up nice looking tables using the booktab and tabulary environments.

New as of October 28 2025: Tables and figures are now also numbered according to your settings

```
\begin{tables}{11}{Left & Right}
    Left content & Right Content\\
\end{tables}
```

This outputs as

Left	Right
Left content	Right Content

This doesn't use the table environment, so no captions are possible, as to why there is also

```
\begin{fullTable}{ll}{Left & Right}{This is a caption}
    Left content & Right Content\\
\end{fullTable}
```

This outputs as

Left	Right
Left content	Right Content

Table 6.1: This is a caption

6.8 Index

Included in most and up

If you want to use index, add \prepareIndex to the preamble. Using \addIndexBold{string}, you can add entries to the index. They are printed in bold typeface in your document. Using \addIndex{string}, you can do the same, but the text remains normal and using \addIndexItalic{string}, it is printed in italics

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6.9 Extras

6.9.1 BibTeX

Included in recommended and up

Use $\setupBiber{/path/to/your/bib/sources.bib file}$ in the preamble to prepare, then use \printbib to print your bibliography.

To add more sources, simply use bibter's built-in macro \addbibresource{filepath}, which will load your .bib file. You need to use that inside the preamble as well.

6.9.2 Glossary

Included in recommended and up

Use \setupGlossary in the preamble to prepare, then use the normal glossary commands to add entries to the glossary. When you want to print it, use \printGlossary.

6.9.3 Minted

Included in full

Be sure to enable -shell-escape for your compiler (Note: Some newer versions of LaTeX do no longer require this and it is better to keep it turned off for security reasons, if it works without)!

When minted is available via these helpers, you will also have access to the code environment:

```
\begin{code}{language}
    //Code goes here
\end{code}
```

This is nothing different than a wrapper for a minted environment with a box drawn around it.

Example (in python):

```
def hello_world():
print("hello world!")
```

If you want to print code inline, use \inlinecode{string}, which renders to code.

Caveat: This is not using the verbatim environment due to various limitations of that environment and instead is simply using \texttt{}, so you cannot use this to print IATEX-commands

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7 Troubleshooting

7.1 Visual Errors

7.1.1 Missing headers & footers

You have most likely forgotten about \startDocument after \begin{document}, or you are using \setupbarebones or \setupexams.

You can easily distinguish from simply looking at the PDF. If the title is missing too, it's the first one, if it is there, it is most likely the second.

7.1.2 Right box of guides toolorbox is a weird title

You have most likely forgotten about the second argument. Then, the first letter is removed from the body and used as the title.

7.2 pgfkeys: Don't know mainboxstyle

You have most likely forgotten about \usetcolorboxes after \startDocument.

7.3 Numbering incorrect after numberingOn

Check the start of the document and make sure you have used \setNumberingStyle to set the numbering style and not \setCounter{numberingConfig}

7.4 Undefined commands

You have most likely loaded a too small scope

7.5 Lots of errors and no compile

You have most likely selected a non-existant *scope* in the \load function. You can verify by searching the <document name>.log file for any mention of INVALID CONFIG SPECIFIED, NOTHING LOADED!

7.6 Minted

minted is a syntax highlighting library. It can cause issues when running, as it needs extra configuration for the compiler.

7.6.1 You must invoke LaTeX with the -shell-escape flag

You have set the *scope* to full, which loads the minted package for code highlighting. You will need to configure your latex compiler to use -shell-escape if you want to use it. If you do not plan to use it, simply switch to a smaller *scope*.

7.6.2 You must have pygmentize installed

Your host system is lacking the pygmentize package or you have not added the pip path to your \$PATH. This is also the reason as to why the -shell-escape flag has to be set, as minted needs to access external libraries (namely pygmentize) to do the syntax highlighting.

7.7 Any other error

Ensure that you are not missing any closing brackets or a math environment is still open. If nothing helps, contact support at https://support.janishutz.com

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